

PATENT Customer No. 22,852 Attorney Docket No. 05638.0016

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	
Theodor BAYERKÖHLER et al.) Group Art Unit: 1615
Application No.: 10/070,662) Examiner: Charesse EVANS
International Filing Date: September 9, 2000 § 371 Date: July 9, 2002)))
For: DIRECTLY COMPRESSIBLE RAW MATERIAL FOR COMPRESSED PRODUCTS)))

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

STATUS INQUIRY

According to our records, the above-identified application was filed on July 9, 2002. A non-final Office action was mailed on December 16, 2003. As shown by the attached postcard bearing an OIPE date stamp, the Response to the Office action was filed on March 16, 2004. To date Applicants have not received an Office Action from the Patent Office addressing their Response of March 16, 2004. A copy of the Response to Office Action originally filed March 16, 2004, is included in this Status Inquiry.

In view of these circumstances, the undersigned attorney respectfully requests that the Office advise him of the status of this application as soon as possible in order to determine whether further action by the Applicants is required at this time.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: September 22, 2004

David Forman Reg. No. 33,694

(202) 408-4068

Enclosure: Copies of stamped postcard receipt and the originally filed Response to Office Action



DSCIMAC

PLEASE STAMP TO ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF THE FOLLOWING:

In Re Application of: Theodor BAYERKÖHLER et al.

Application No.: 10/070,662

Group Art Unit: 1615

Filed: July 9, 2002

Examiner: C.L. Evans

For: DIRECTLY COMPRESSIBLE RAW MATERIAL FOR COMPRESSED PRODUCTS

1. Response to Office Action (8 pages) Attachment (3 pages)

Dated March 16, 2004

Docket No.: 05638.0016-00000

(Due Date: March 16, 2004)

David Forman/Mike O'Shaughnessy/Sylvia Helms - Mail Drop 1030

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PADEMARK



PATENT Customer No. 22,852 Attorney Docket No. 05638.0016

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re A	application of:	
Theod	or BAYERKÖHLER et al.) Group Art Unit: 1615
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Filed:	July 9, 2002	,) ,
For:	DIRECTLY COMPRESSIBLE RAW MATERIAL FOR COMPRESSED PRODUCTS))

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

RESPONSE TO OFFICE ACTION

In reply to the Office Action mailed December 16, 2003, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

Amendments to the Claims are reflected in the listing of claims in this paper.

Remarks/Arguments follow the amendment sections of this paper.

Attachments to this amendment include an excerpt from a German/English dictionary.

Applicants do not believe that any claim fees are due at this time. If Applicants are in error, please charge any applicable fees to our deposit account 06-0916.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1 (Currently Amended). A Method method of producing an agglomerated, free-flowing product selected from the group consisting of isomaltulose, isomalt and and/or an isomalt variant, wherein a solution or suspension containing at least one product selected from the group consisting of isomaltulose, isomalt, or and an isomalt variant is sprayed with a supply of dry air into a powder selected from the group consisting of isomaltulose, isomalt, and and/or an isomalt variant, and the resulting agglomerated product is subjected to a secondary drying and cooling, and an agglomerated free-flowing product is obtained.

2 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to Claim 1, wherein secondary crystallization takes place following cooling of the secondary dried product.

3 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to Claim 1 er 2, wherein at least a portion of the resulting agglomerated free-flowing product is ground following the cooling or secondary crystallization.

4 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to Claim 3, wherein a portion of the ground powder is introduced back into the process according to Claim 1, 2 or 3 in the form of an educt.

5 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the solution or suspension containing the isomaltulose, isomalt and/or isomalt variants has a dry solids content of 30 wt% to 70 wt%.

6 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the solution or suspension containing the isomaltulose, isomalt and/or isomalt variants has a temperature of 50° Celsius to 90° Celsius.

7 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the solution or suspension containing the isomaltulose, isomaltand/or isomalt variants is sprayed into the powder at a spray pressure of 100 bar to 200 bar.

8 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to ene of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the powder has a particle size of 50 μ m to 400 μ m.

9 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the quantity ratio of powder to educt solution or suspension amounts to 1:1 to 3.5:1.

10 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the drying air has a temperature of 120° Celsius to 180° Celsius.

11 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the precedingclaims Claim 1, wherein the secondary drying and cooling take place with a supply of air at a temperature of 20° Celsius to 80° Celsius.

12 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the secondary drying and cooling take place over a period of 10 to 30 minutes.

13 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the proceding claims Claim 1, wherein the secondary crystallization takes place over a period of one to four hours.

14 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to one of the preceding claims Claim 1, wherein the solution or suspension containing the isomaltulose, isomalt or an isomalt variant together with additives, auxiliary substances, active ingredients, parting compounds, lubricants, flavorings, sweeteners, food-compatible acids, disintegrants or coloring agents is spray dried.

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15 (Currently Amended). An Agglomerate agglomerate producible according to one of the methods method of any one of the preceding claims.

16 (Currently Amended). The Method method of producing a compressed product, wherein a method is carried out according to one of Claims 1 to 14 Claim 1, and the resulting agglomerate is pressed to form a compressed product.

17 (Currently Amended). The Method method according to Claim 16, wherein additives, auxiliary substances, active ingredients, parting compounds, lubricants, flavorings, sweeteners, food-compatible acids, disintegrants or coloring agents are added to the agglomerate before pressing.

18 (Currently Amended). A Compressed compressed product producible according to one of the methods method of Claims Claim 16 or 17.

REMARKS

I. Status of the Claims

Claims 1-18 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 5-7, and 14 were rejected and claims 2-18 were objected to in the Office Action dated December 16, 2003.

Claims 1 and 5-7 have been amended to correct indefiniteness rejections for use of the phrase "and/or." Further, Applicants have amended claims 4-18 to correct the improper multiple dependent format.

II. Rejection of Claims 1 and 5-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 2

Claims 1 and 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 2 as being indefinite.

Particularly, the Office states that Applicant's use of the phrase "and/or" renders the claims indefinite because "it is unclear whether the limitation(s) following the phrase are part of the claimed invention." In response, Applicants have amended Claims 1 and 5-7 to remove the phrase "and/or." Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of this rejection.

III. Rejection of Claim 14 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 2

Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, ¶ 2 as being indefinite. The Office states that the term/phrase "parting compounds" is unclear. Applicants traverse this rejection.

The term/phrase "parting compounds" is a direct translation of the German word "Trennmittel." Applicants have attached a copy of an excerpt from an English/German dictionary for the Examiner's convenience. This term/phrase has recognized meaning

in the art, and synonymous translations include "mold release" or "release agent." The term/phrase "parting compound" has been used by Applicants within the specification at page 8. Accordingly, Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of this rejection.

IV. Objection to Claims 2 and 3 as Dependent Upon Rejected Base Claim

The Examiner has objected to Claims 2 and 3 as being dependent upon a rejected base claim. Rejected Claim 1, upon which Claims 2 and 3 were dependent, has been amended. Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the objection.

V. Objection to Claims 4-18 under 37 CFR 1.75(c)

The Examiner has objected to Claim 4 as being in improper form because "a multiple dependent claim should refer to other claims in the alternative only and cannot depend from any other multiple dependent claims." In response, Applicants have amended Claim 4 to correct the improper multiple dependency. Withdrawal of the objection is respectfully requested.

The Examiner has further objected to Claims 4-18 under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper multiple-dependent form. In response, Applicants have amended Claims 4-18. Applicants respectfully request withdrawal of the objection.

VI. Conclusion

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration and reexamination of this application and the timely allowance of the pending claims.

Please grant any extensions of time required to enter this response and charge any additional required fees to our deposit account 06-0916.

Respectfully submitted,

FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.

Dated: March 16, 2004

David Forman

Reg. No. 33,694

Attachments:

Excerpt from German/English dictionary

DICTIONARY OF CHEMISTRY AND CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

by
Louis De Vries
and
Helga Kolb
with the collaboration of
Joachim Thuss

Volume 1 German / English

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1970

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Transphosphatase f transphosphatase
Transphosphorylase f transphosphorylase
Transphosphorylierung f transphosphorylation
Transport m transport[ation], shipment; transfer, transmission

Transportband n conveyer [belt], carrier roller
Transporteur m shipper, carrier, (Geom) protractor

Transportfilz m (Papier) conveyor felt Transportgefäß n transport vessel

transportieren to transport

Transportkarren m transfer car

Transportkasten m transport case, portable box, transport box

Transportkontrolle f transfer check Transportmittel n means of transportation Trans-Stellung f (Stereochem) trans position

Trans-Stellung f (Stereochem) trans position

Transthiolierung f transthiolation

Transuran n transuranic element, transuranium element

Transuranelemente pl transuranium elements

transversal transversal, transverse

Transversale f transversal

 ${\bf Transversalit\bar{a}ts} {\bf bedingung} \ f \ {\bf transversality} \ {\bf condition}$

Transversalschwingung f transverse oscillation

Transversalwelle f transverse wave transzendent transcendental

Trapez n trapezoid

trapezformig trapeziform, trapezoidal

Trapezgewinde n acme thread, tapered thread

Trapezoeder n (Krist) trapezohedron

Trapezregel f trapezoidal rule

Trapezring m trapezoidal washer

Trapporphyr m (Min) porphyritic trap

Trappsandstein m (Min) trap sandstone

Trapptuff m trap tuff

Traß m trass, volcanic tuff

Traßbeton m trass concrete

Traßpapier n grey wrapping paper

Traubenachat m (Min) botryoid agate

traubenartig grapelike

Traubenblei n (Min) mimetite

Traubenessig m grape vinegar

Traubengärung f fermentation of grapes

Traubensäure f (obs. für Weinsäure) tartaric acid,

racemische ~ racemic acid

Traubensaft m grape juice

Traubenstein m (Min) botryolite

Traubenzucker m d-glucose, grape sugar

Traufe f down spout

Traumaticin n traumaticin[e]

Traumatinsäure f traumatic acid

Traversellit m (Min) traversellite

Travertin m (Min) travertine

Treberbranntwein m marc brandy

treffen to hit, to strike, (begegnen) to meet

Treffer m hit

Treffertheorie f hit theory

Trefferwahrscheinlichkeit f probability of hits

Treffplatte f target

Treffpunkt m point of impact, point of incidence

Trehalase f (Biochem) trehalase

Trehalose f trehalose

Treibachse f driving axle

Treibarbeit f (Metall) cupellation

 ${\bf Treibdamp fpumpe} \ f \ booster \ type \ diffusion \ pump$

Treibdüse f booster nozzle

Treibeisen n white pig iron

treiben to drive, to push, (garen) to ferment, (hammern) to emboss

Treibgas n power gas

Treibhaus n green-house, hot-house

Treibmittel n (Pumpe) pump fluid, (Schaumstoff) aerating agent, blowing agent, expanding agent,

foaming agent

Treibmittelfüllung f (Pumpe) pump fluid filling

Treibmittelrücklauf m (Pumpe) pump fluid return pipe

Treibol n (Motor) motor fuel oil

Treibofen m cupel[l]ing furnace, refining furnace

Treibprozeß m (Metall) cupellation, refining

Treibriemen m drive belt, driving belt, transmission belting

Treibschwefel m native sulfur

Treibstoff m fuel, power fuel, propellant

Treibstoffpumpe f fuel pump

Treibstoffraum m fuel cell

Treibstoffsynthese f motor fuel synthesis

Treibstoffzusatz m additive for fuels

Treibstrahl m driving jet, power jet

Treibverfahren n (Metall) cupellation, refining process

Treibzapfen m crank pin

Treitan n threitan

Tremolit m (Min) tremolite

Tremuloidin n tremuloidin

Trennanlage f, chemische \sim chemical separation plant

trennbar separable

Trennblech n baffle

Trenneinsatz m partition

trennen to separate, to sever, (auflösen) to resolve,

(Elektr) to disconnect

Trennen n separating, dividing, (Elektr) disconnecting

Trenner m separator

Trennfaktor m separation factor, theoretischer \sim (Atom)

ideal separation factor

Trennfestigkeit f resistance to separation

Trennfuge f partition line, parting compound line, der Blasform blow mold parting line, der Form mold parting line

Trennisolator m disconnecting insulator

Trennlinie f separating line

Trennmittel n mold release, parting compound, release agent

Trennmuffe f disconnecting box

Trennrohr n (Atom) separator tube

Trennsaule f separating column, separation column

Trennschärfe f discrimination, selectivity, separating capacity, separation sharpness

Trennschleuder f centrifuge separator

Trennschnitt m (Schweiß) separating cut

Trennstellung f spacing position

Trennung f disintegration, parting, severing, (Chem.) separation, (durch Filtrieren) filtering, (Teilung)